

Listing of the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for implementing a global queue, wherein the queue has a head pointer, a tail pointer, and a plurality of elements each having a next pointer, the head pointer functioning as a next pointer of a last element of the plurality of elements when the queue is empty, the method comprising:

~~defining a locked state for the queue, wherein a queue head pointer is null and a queue tail pointer does not point to the queue head pointer;~~

~~defining the queue head pointer to function as a next pointer of a last element of the plurality of elements when the queue is empty; and~~

selectively executing ~~[[defining]]~~ an add to end function for adding a new element to the queue even when the queue is in ~~[[the]]~~ a locked state in which the queue head pointer is null and a queue tail pointer does not point to the queue head pointer, the selectively executing an add to end function including:

setting a next pointer of the new element to null;

as an atomic transaction, setting the queue tail pointer to point the new element~~[[,]]~~ while saving a location of the last element; and

setting the next pointer of the last element to point to an address of the new element by using the last element's saved location.

2. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 further comprising ~~[[defining]]~~ selectively executing a locking function of the queue, the locking function including:

if the queue is not empty and not locked, as an atomic transaction, setting the head pointer to null and retaining a previous value of the head pointer; and

if the previous value of the head pointer is null and the queue is not empty, repeating the locking function.

3. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 2 ~~further comprising defining that wherein~~ the queue is unlocked when the head pointer is not null, ~~or~~ and when the head pointer is null and the tail pointer points to the head pointer.

4. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 2 further comprising selectively executing an add to front function for adding the new element to a front position of the queue, the add to front function including:

if the queue is empty, adding the new element to an end position of the queue; and

if the queue is not empty:

locking the queue;

setting the next pointer of the new element to the previous value of the head pointer; and

pointing the head pointer to the new element, thereby unlocking the queue.

5. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 2 further comprising selectively executing a remove from front function, wherein a front-most element is removed from the queue, the remove from front function including:

locking the queue;

if the queue is not empty and an element occupying a front-most position of the queue has a next pointer that is not null, setting the head pointer to the address in the front-most element's next pointer; and

if the queue is not empty and the front-most element's next pointer is null, as an atomic compare and exchange, if the tail pointer points to the front-most element, pointing the tail pointer to the head pointer, thereby implicitly unlocking the queue.

6. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 5 further comprising, responsive to a failure of [[if]] the atomic compare and exchange [[failed]], waiting for the next pointer of the front-most element to become non-null, and pointing the head pointer to an element pointed to by the next pointer of the front-most element, thereby implicitly unlocking the queue.

7. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 2 further comprising selectively executing a remove specific function, wherein a target element is removed from the queue, the remove specific function including:

locking the queue; and

if the queue is not empty:

traversing the queue to locate the target element;

[[aif]] if the target element's next pointer is not null and the target is not addressed by the previous value of the head pointer, setting the next pointer of an element previous to the target to point to an element pointed to by the target's next pointer_{[[,]]} ; and

returning the head pointer to the previous value, thereby implicitly unlocking the queue.

8. (Original) The method of claim 7 further comprising:

if the target element's next pointer is not null and the target is addressed by the previous value of the head pointer, setting the head pointer to point to the element pointed to by the target's next pointer, thereby implicitly unlocking the queue; and

if the target's next pointer is null and the target is not addressed by the previous value of the head pointer, setting the next pointer of the element previous to the target to null.

9. (Original) The method of claim 8 further comprising:

if the target's next pointer is null, as an atomic compare and exchange, if the tail pointer points to the target setting the tail pointer to point to the element previous to the target, or to point to the head pointer if the target is addressed by the previous value of the head pointer;

if the atomic compare and exchange was performed and failed:

waiting until the target's next pointer is not null;

if an element addressed by the target's next pointer is an only remaining element in the queue, setting the head pointer to point to the only remaining element, thereby implicitly unlocking the queue; and

if the element addressed by the target's next pointer is not the only remaining element in the queue, setting the next pointer of the element previous to the target to the address in the target's next pointer and setting the head pointer to the previous value of the head pointer, thereby implicitly unlocking the queue; and

if the atomic compare and exchange was performed and succeeded:

if the queue is not empty, setting the head pointer to the previous value of the head pointer, thereby implicitly unlocking the queue.

10. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 further comprising selectively executing an empty function, wherein each of the plurality of elements are removed from the queue, the empty function including:

locking the queue; and

if the queue is not empty:

as an atomic transaction, pointing the tail pointer to the head pointer while retaining a previous value of the head pointer and the tail pointer, thereby implicitly unlocking the queue; and

by using the previous values of the head pointer and tail pointer, traversing a plurality of the elements which have been dequeued, and waiting for the next pointer of each element not addressed by the previous value of the tail pointer to become non-null.

11. (Currently Amended) A method for implementing a global queue in a multiprocessor environment, wherein the queue has a head pointer to point to a first element of the queue or to null if the queue is empty, a tail pointer to point to a last element of the queue or to the head pointer if the queue is empty, and a plurality of elements each containing a next pointer for pointing to a next element in the queue or to null when the element occupies a last position in the queue, the head pointer functioning as a next pointer of the last element of the queue when the queue is empty the method comprising:

- allowing a first processor to both add and remove elements from the queue;
- allowing a second processor to only add new elements to the queue;
- ~~defining the head pointer to function as a next pointer of the last element when the queue is empty;~~ and
- selectively executing [[defining]] an add to end function for adding the new element to the queue, even when the queue is in a locked state in which the queue head pointer is null and a queue tail pointer does not point to the queue head pointer, wherein the selectively executing an add to end function includes:

- setting the next pointer of the new element to null;
- as an atomic transaction, setting the tail pointer to point the new element, while saving a location of the last element; and
- setting the next pointer of the last element to point to the address of the new element by using the last element's saved location.

12. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 11 further comprising selectively executing an empty function for removing each element from the queue, the empty function including waiting until the head pointer is not null or until the queue is empty, and if the queue is not empty:

- saving a value of the head pointer;
- setting the head pointer to null;
- as an atomic transaction, pointing the tail pointer to the head pointer while saving a value of the tail pointer; and
- using the saved values of the head pointer and tail pointer, traversing the dequeued elements and waiting for the next pointer of each element not addressed by the saved value of the tail pointer to become non-null.

13. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 11 further comprising selectively executing a remove from front function, wherein a front-most element is removed from the queue, the remove from front function including waiting until the head pointer is not null or until the queue is empty, and if the queue is not empty:

if the front-most element's next pointer is not null, setting the head pointer to an address of the front-most element's next pointer;

if the front-most element's next pointer is null, as an atomic compare and exchange, if the tail pointer points to the front-most element, pointing the tail pointer to the head pointer.

14. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 13 further comprising [[if]] responsive to a failure of the atomic compare and exchange [[failed]], waiting for the next pointer of the front-most element to become non-null, and pointing the head pointer to the element pointed to by the next pointer of the front-most element.

15. (Currently Amended) A system for implementing a global queue, wherein the queue has a head pointer to point to a first element of the queue or to null if the queue is empty and to function as a next pointer of a last element when the queue is empty, a tail pointer to point to [[a]] the last element of the queue or to the head pointer if the queue is empty, and a plurality of elements each having a next pointer for pointing to a next element in the queue or to null when the element occupies a last position in the queue, the system comprising;

a first processor;

a plurality of instructions for execution on at least the first processor, the instructions including instructions for:

selectively executing [[defining]] a locked state for the queue;

~~defining the head pointer to function as a next pointer of
the last element when the queue is empty; and~~

selectively executing [[defining]] an add at end function for adding a new element to the queue even when the queue is in a locked state in which the queue head pointer is null and a queue tail pointer does not point to the queue head pointer, the add at end function including

setting the next pointer of the new element to null; as an atomic transaction, setting the tail pointer to point the new element, while saving a location of the last element; and

setting the next pointer of the last element to point to the address of the new element by using the last element's saved location.

16. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 15 further comprising:
a second processor; and
wherein in the instructions for defining a locked state to allow only the first processor is allowed
to remove elements from the queue.

17. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 16 further comprising instructions for
selectively executing an empty function, wherein each element is removed from the queue, the
[[instructions]] empty function comprising:
waiting until the head pointer is not null, or until the queue is empty; and
if the queue is not empty:
saving a value of the head pointer;
setting the head pointer to null;
as an atomic transaction, pointing the tail pointer to the head pointer while saving a value
of the tail pointer;
and using the saved values of the head pointer and tail pointer, traversing the dequeued
elements and waiting for the next pointer of each element not addressed by the saved value of the tail
pointer to become non null.

18. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 16 further comprising instructions for
executing a remove from front function, wherein a front-most element is removed from the queue, the
[[instructions]] remove from front function comprising:
waiting until the head pointer is not null or until the queue is empty, and if the queue is not
empty[[;]]:
if the front-most element's next pointer is not null, setting the head pointer to the address
in the front-most element's next pointer; and
if the front-most element's next pointer is null, as an atomic compare and exchange, if the
tail pointer points to the front-most element, pointing the tail pointer to the head pointer.

19. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 18 further comprising instructions for, [[if]]
responsive to a failure of the atomic compare and exchange [[failed]], waiting for the next pointer of the
front-most element to become non-null and pointing the head pointer to the element pointed to by the next
pointer of the front-most element.

20. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 15 ~~wherein further comprising instructions for defining~~ that the queue is unlocked when the head pointer is not null, or when the head pointer is null and the tail pointer points to the head pointer.

21. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 20 wherein the instructions for ~~[[defining]]~~ selectively executing a locked state for the queue comprise:

instructions for locking ~~[[that]]~~ the queue ~~[[is locked]]~~ when the head pointer is null and the tail pointer does not point to the head pointer; and

instructions for selectively executing ~~[[defining]]~~ a locking function for the queue, the instructions for selectively executing a locking function comprising:

if the queue is not empty and not locked, as an atomic transaction, setting the head pointer to null and retaining a previous value of the head pointer; and

if the previous value of the head pointer is null and the queue is not empty, repeating the locking function.

22. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 15 further comprising instructions for selectively executing an add to front function, wherein the new element is added to a front position of the queue, the instructions for selectively executing an add to front function comprising instructions for:

if the queue is empty, adding the new element to a last position of the queue; and

if the queue is not empty:

locking the queue;

saving a previous value of the head pointer;

setting the next pointer of the new element to the previous value of the head pointer; and

pointing the head pointer to the new element, thereby unlocking the queue.

23. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 15 further comprising instructions for selectively executing an empty function, wherein each element is removed from the queue, the instructions for selectively executing an empty function comprising instructions for:

locking the queue; and

if the queue is not empty:

as an atomic transaction, pointing the tail pointer to the head pointer while saving a value of the head and tail pointers, thereby implicitly unlocking the queue; and

by using the saved values of the head pointer and tail pointer, traversing the dequeued elements and waiting for the next pointer of each element not addressed by the saved value of the tail pointer to become non null.

24. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 15 further comprising instructions for selectively executing a remove from front function, wherein a front-most element is removed from the queue, the instructions for selectively executing a remove from front function comprising instructions for:
locking the queue;
if the queue is not empty and the front-most element's next pointer is not null, setting the head pointer to an address in the front-most element's next pointer; and
if the queue is not empty and the front-most element's next pointer is null, as an atomic compare and exchange, if the tail pointer points to the front-most element, pointing the tail pointer to the head pointer, thereby implicitly unlocking the queue.

25. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 24 further comprising instructions for, [[if]] responsive to performance and failure of the atomic compare and exchange ~~was performed and failed~~, waiting for the next pointer of the front-most element to become non-null and pointing the head pointer to the element pointed to by the next pointer of the front-most element, thereby implicitly unlocking the queue.

26. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 15 further comprising instructions for selectively executing a remove specific function, wherein a target element is removed from the queue, the instructions for selectively executing a remove specific function comprising instructions for:
locking the queue;
determining if the queue is not empty; and
if the queue is not empty:
traversing the queue to locate the target element; and
if the target element's next pointer is not null and the
target element is not addressed by the previous value of the head pointer, setting the next pointer of an element previous to the target element to point to an element pointed to by the target element's next pointer, and return the head pointer to the previous value, thereby implicitly unlocking the queue.

27. (Previously Amended) The system of claim 26 further comprising instructions for:

if the target's next pointer is not null and the target is addressed by the previous value of the head pointer, setting the head pointer to point to the element pointed to by the target's next pointer, thereby implicitly unlocking the queue;

if the target's next pointer is null and the target is not addressed by the previous value of the head pointer, setting the next pointer of the element prior to the target to null; and

if the target's next pointer is null, as an atomic compare and exchange, if the tail pointer points to the target set the tail pointer to point to the element previous to the target, or to point to the head pointer if the target is addressed by the previous value of the head pointer.

28. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 27 further comprising instructions for~~[[:]] ,~~
responsive to performance and failure of the atomic compare and exchange, ~~was performed and failed:~~

waiting until the target's next pointer is not null;

if an element addressed by the target's next pointer is an only remaining element in the queue, setting the head pointer to point to the only remaining element, thereby implicitly unlocking the queue;

if the element addressed by the target's next pointer is not the only remaining element in the queue, setting the next pointer of the element previous to the target to the address in the next pointer of the target and setting the head pointer to the previous value of the head pointer, thereby implicitly unlocking the queue; and

if the atomic compare and exchanged was performed and succeeded:

if the queue is not empty, setting the head pointer to the previous value of the head pointer, thereby implicitly unlocking the queue.